

Las Vegas Sunday Gazette.

VOL. 13.

LAS VEGAS, N. M., SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1886.

NO. 257

(ESTABLISHED IN 1881.)
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Which removes Small Pox Marks or however long standing. The application is simple and harmless, causes no inconvenience and costs nothing. Price \$2.50.

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GEORGE W. SHAW,

GENERAL AGENT,

219 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

LABOR TROUBLES.

The Enforcement of the Eight Hour Law Meeting with Resistance.

Communists in Chicago Parading the Streets with Brass Bands and Red Flags.

Monster Mass Meeting of Labor Unions, in Union Square, New York.

Manufacturers in the New England States Closing Down Their Works.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Five hundred striking railroad freight handlers met at Harrison street viaduct near the west side passenger depot at 5 o'clock this morning. Speeches were made by two or three leaders, declaring it was made the duty of freight handlers on all Chicago roads to enforce their demands now for short hours while workmen in all departments were doing so, and upon the suggestion some one in the crowd, men started for the Wabash freight yards to urge the men there to stop work. The crowd increased in size as it moved and entered the Wabash yards. The men there at once began quitting work. From there the crowd, increasing in size, visited the yards of the Lake Shore, Rock Island, Louisville, Nashville and Chicago and Michigan Central roads, where nearly all of the men stopped. In the Michigan Central ten men refused to quit work, and the police arriving, the crowd was driven from the yard. Freight housemen of the Ft. Wayne road this morning made a demand for eight hours, and will stop at noon. The drivers and conductors of the Blue Island avenue lines of the Western Division Car company demanded a reduction of their trips from seven to six, and confining the working day to even hours, without a decrease in pay. The company agreed without pausing. Hundreds of men employed by the same company in extending their lines struck for eight hours. Freight handling on the Milwaukee & St. Paul road stopped at 10 o'clock of their own accord. A crowd of 300 men are marching in a body towards the McCormick works with the red flag at the head of their column. The workers are idle today and the men have been given a holiday. All lumber yards, box factories and planing mills in the city are closed down. The owners will take joint act on tonight. Large packing houses at the stock yards are all running. No shut down is expected before Monday.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 1.—Several hundred carpenters decided that, beginning today, they would go to work at 8 o'clock in the morning and quit at five in the afternoon, thus being in service eight hours. No strike is expected to grow out of this action, as the bosses have agreed to the proposition and the men demand pay for eight hours work. Several mass meetings occurred in the lumber districts this forenoon. The crowd was composed very largely of Bohemians and Germans. They were addressed by their hotheaded leaders and finally resolved itself into a marching column and preceded by a band of music and carrying red flag proceeded to the McCormick reaper works, where some non-union men were working, and frightened them away. The procession moved west on Blue Island avenue to Robert street, where a mass meeting was held on a vacant lot. The crowd grew larger as it moved along and grew more boisterous. The police kept in advance of its movements, but so far no trouble has occurred, the procession in the lumber yards dissolved at about 1 o'clock without causing any damage. Lumber owners express anxiety as to the safety of their property, and are setting about for the better protection of the yards. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon there was a large gathering of all classes of strikers on Lake street, near Des Plaines, where they are being addressed by labor agitators.

Trouble at Cincinnati.
CINCINNATI, May 1.—Five hundred employees of the furniture manufacturers, and one hundred employees of Brunswick & Balke billiard manufacturers, are out in consequence of a refusal to grant ten hours' pay for eight hours' work. In other branches of industry, while there is a general falling in favor of eight hours a day, nothing has been done toward enforcing the system.

Strike in Boston.
BOSTON, May 1.—In this city the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners, and the Plumbers union, 5,000 men in all, have resolved to demand eight hours Monday, and will strike if the demand is refused. The Masters Builders association, 200 strong, unanimously condemn the action of workmen and declare that the demands cannot be complied with without disaster to business and workmen both, and they will close up business rather than submit to any interference.

Getting Ready for Riots.
NEW YORK, May 1.—Police are making great preparations for the labor mass meeting in Union square tonight. A large reserve of men will be kept in readiness for any emergency that may arise.

Mill Owner Scared.
CONCORD, N. H., May 1.—The proprietor of the woolen mill in Pensacola has made out he believes his property is threatened by a mob of violence and has notified the selectmen of Boscawen, he shall hold the town responsible for its protection.

Special police have been appointed who will be on duty day and night until the danger has passed and the selectmen have notified the officers of the Knights of Labor who ordered the strike in these mills they will be held answerable in the courts for any damage.

Labor Mass Meeting.
NEW YORK, May 1.—Twelve thousand people, with banners, flags and transparencies assembled in Union square this evening, and lifted up voices in no gentle manner in behalf of the eight hour movement. They were working men from the factories, shops and warehouses of the city, summoned out by the respective trades organizations. The 6,000 policemen had little to do. The men bunched a good deal, in fact, shouted themselves hoarse, applauding the sentiments of the speakers and there seemed to be no end to the number of organizations which came pouring to the square. The crowd warned the public not to buy "scab" cigars or ride upon the Third Avenue railroad and transparencies bore the legend "Eight hours shall constitute a day's labor." Some clubs lighted the pathway with flaming torches. Roman candles, electric lights, and stands were erected for the speakers. When the organizations got to marching around the square the speakers climbed up into the stands and proceeded to harangue the crowd.

Strike at St. Louis.
ST. LOUIS, May 1.—Two hundred men employed on the water works in East St. Louis struck today for eight hours' work per day and ten hours wages. The city refused to grant the demand, and will endeavor to procure new men to fill the strikers' places. Employees of the Glendale zinc works struck this morning for the adoption of the eight hour system, and a more equal scale of wages. Two hundred and fifty men are out. Employees of numerous planing mills throughout the city made a demand upon their employers last night that the eight hour system be adopted by them today, and this morning notices were posted in mills that those who desire to work eight hours for eight hours' pay could do so, but that the machinery would be kept in motion for ten hours, thus enabling those who wished to work longer time to do so. The men are dissatisfied and will strike Monday.

Labor Mass Meeting.
ST. LOUIS, May 1.—A very large labor meeting in the interest of the eight hour move, held under the auspices of the Central Labor union, convened in Lucas market square tonight. It is estimated 6,000 to 8,000 men, mostly foreigners, were present. Speeches of a quiet and reasonable order were made in both German and English, and resolutions in harmony with the movement were adopted. A notable feature of the evening were two or three red flags and an effigy of Jay Gould suspended from the gallows.

Pittsburg Strike.
PITTSBURGH, May 1.—The furniture manufacturers having refused to grant their employees the demand for a reduction from ten to eight hours a general strike was inaugurated today. Nearly every furniture factory in Pittsburg and Allegheny is closed and over 600 men are idle. Stonecutters in the two cities are also out for nine hours a day, but will return to work Monday, the employers generally according to their demand.

Strike at Baltimore.
BALTIMORE, May 1.—Two thousand house carpenters in this city tonight notified their employers that they would not return to work till they were guaranteed \$2 per day for eight hours till August 1, and \$2.50 per day thereafter. The builders say their contracts won't admit of this and have offered to compromise at nine hours and from \$2.25 per day and up according to the skill of workmen, but refuse to compromise.

Preparing for Trouble.
KANSAS CITY, May 1.—General Campbell, of Kansas, arrived at Wyandotte today and telegraphed Governor Martin for eighty Springfield rifles, to be used in case of emergency. It is stated that the Missouri Pacific strikers are possessed of Winchester rifles, twenty-five of which were purchased here.

Brewers' Strike.
MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 1.—As anticipated, last night all brewers and malsters in the city struck today. Not less than 3,000 men are affected.

Base Ball.
PITTSBURGH, May 1.—St. Louis five; Pittsburg four; eleven innings.
PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—Athletics three; Metropolitan two.
CINCINNATI, May 1.—Louisville one; Cincinnati eight.
BALTIMORE, May 1.—Baltimore six; Brooklyn four; darkness necessitated the calling of the game.
ST. LOUIS, May 1.—St. Louis six; Detroit nine.
KANSAS CITY, May 1.—Kansas City eight; Chicago seventeen.

Emperor William.
BERLIN, May 1.—Emperor William is at present enjoying robust health. He reviewed the guards at Potsdam today. It is now admitted that the illness of which Count Herbert Bismarck has been suffering was so serious for several days that his life was despaired of. He is safely past the crisis and his recovery is all but assured.

Indian Raids.
SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—The Chronicle's Tombstone, Arizona special says: Casualties in the late bloody raid by the Apaches, as far as is known to date, include nine killed and several wounded. One girl was taken prisoner. A vast amount of property was destroyed and a great number of stock were carried off.

Bank Statement.
NEW YORK, May 1.—The weekly statement shows a reserve decrease of \$1,298,000; the banks now hold \$12,028,000 in excess of requirements.

GENERAL NEWS.

Yesterday's Proceedings of the House of Representatives.

May Day in Georgia—Jefferson Davis Receives an Elegant Ovation.

Knights of Labor Arrested for Boycotting and Blackmailing a Concert Hall.

Death of Bishop Robertson, of Missouri—Other Items of Interest.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, April 30.
Mr. Findlay, of Maryland, from the committee on civil service reforms, submitted a report on the resolution offered by Mr. Taubee, of Kentucky, directing the secretary of the treasury to inform civil service laws authority the practice of permitting employees in his department to appoint substitutes is allowed. The committee in their report say it can see no reason for questioning the good faith of the statement made by the acting secretary of the treasury, that substitution is allowed when possible.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois—Is there anything in the civil service law that prohibits the secretary of the treasury or president from removing chief clerks, appointment clerks, and every head of a bureau in that department?
Mr. Taubee—There is not; but when Democrats took possession of the executive branch of the government, the president announced his policy, while civil service laws should be carried out in its letter and its spirit, he should apply to the office. The president may have differed with some of the most zealous leaders of the Democratic party on the point, yet it was his policy, and with few exceptions he is carrying it out. He carried it out more fully than his Republican predecessors.

Mr. Cannon—You are satisfied these abuses arise from the heads of bureaus. If this is true, is the president incompetent or knavish in refusing to remove them? Mr. Taubee—Neither; the president has been occupied for the last three or four months in trying to hold the senate in check; to keep them from besmirching his character wrongfully because he exercises the discretion the constitution confers on him.

Mr. Cannon—As I understand the controversy the gentleman refers to is a controversy between the president and some of the heads of bureaus. The president has been professing to do one thing to please one portion of his believe s, and do another to please the gentlemen like my friend from Kentucky.

"Are you in good health?" queried Mr. Taubee.
"I think something must be the matter with you."
"I leave it to the country to say whether the gentleman is sick or well."

Mr. Taubee did not wish to be understood as making an assault on the president or secretary of the treasury because they had enough to contend with, but that the abuses ought to be corrected. The Democratic party as far above the Republican party as the stars above the deep caverns of the ocean; but if his party did wrong and abuses grew above the Democratic administration he would call attention to them.

Mr. Findlay moved to lay the motion on the table. The vote upon this motion was so close that some excitement and interest was manifested as the clerk proceeded to call the roll, and at the conclusion of the roll call several changes were made thus reversing the result a number of times. As finally announced the vote was, yeas, 114; nays, 113. So the resolution was tabled.

Mr. Cox, of North Carolina, from the committee on foreign affairs reported a bill amending the Chinese immigration act, also providing indemnity to certain Chinese for losses sustained in the jurisdiction of the United States.

Mr. McAdoo, of New Jersey, from the committee on naval affairs, reported a bill authorizing the construction of dry docks at certain navy yards.

The Oklahoma bill was called up and its provisions explained by Mr. Hill, of Ohio. Mr. Walker, of New York, argued against the bill.
Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, from the committee on rules, submitted reports providing that after May 10, the house shall meet at 11 a. m., and adjourn at 5 p. m.
House adjourned.

Attitude. The funeral of the murdered girl took place this afternoon.

Davis' Ovation.

ATLANTA, May 1.—Today is May day, which will long be remembered by the people of Atlanta. The day opened bright and fair. Before the sun was an hour high scores of humanity began to pour into the city from every direction, but thousands who came by rail did not seem to compare with those who came from the surrounding country in every conceivable kind of vehicle. The decorations which yesterday seemed profuse were this morning greatly added to, and so well did the decorators perform their work that by 9 o'clock the route selected for the procession was ablaze with tri-colors charmingly arranged. Mr. Davis, escorted by Hon. J. C. Black, commissioner of pensions, took his seat in the carriage which was nearly filled with flowers and wheels of which were covered with red, white and blue cloth. Amid loud cheers from the throng, to which Davis responded by lifting his hat, and bowing to the right and left, the procession moved a better joined in the street by the Gate City guards, which headed the parade. Then amid great cheering, the great procession passed down Marietta street to Broad and from Broad to Peachtree. When the procession reached the statue, the veterans opened ranks and the military and carriages passed through. There was the wildest excitement over Mr. Davis and people swarmed around the platform. The stage was handsomely decorated with flowers and banners. H. W. Grady opened ceremonies. Dr. Spalding in a brief address presented the statue to Gov. McDaniel.

Arrested for Blackmail.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Michael Stroh, bartender; Hans Holmfro, musician, and Paul Walz, waiter, all members of Carl Sahn's club, recently engaged in a systematic boycotting of a concert saloon, were arrested today on bench warrants, charged with extortion. They were indicted by the grand jury yesterday. They not only boycotted the concert saloon, but also imposed a fine of \$100 on its proprietor which was paid. The maximum penalty for this offence is five years in prison.

Bishop Robertson.
ST. LOUIS, May 1.—Charles Franklin Robertson, bishop of the diocese of Missouri, died this morning.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money.

MONEY—Steady at 2 1/2 per cent.

BAR SILVER—\$1.02.

Chicago Live Stock.

CATTLE—Receipts 700. Market Wednesday was steady and heavy and the lower. Shipping steers, 950@1,300 lbs. \$4.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, \$3.75@4.50; through grass Texas cattle, 12 cwt, 700 lbs., \$3.25; corn fed Texans, \$1.00@1.45.

HOGS—Receipts, 18,000. Market firm and higher. Rough and mixed, \$3.50@4.10; packing and shipping, \$3.80@4.30; light, \$3.45@4.15.

SHEEP—Receipts, 1,000. Market slow and weaker. Natives, \$2.75@3.00; short, \$2.00@2.50.

Kansas City Live Stock.

KANSAS CITY, May 1.

The Live Stock Indicator reports.

CATTLE—Receipts, 295; shipments, 141. The market on shipping grades was slow and those sold 10c lower.

Butcher steers were lower, while good cows and feeders went at steady yesterday prices.

HOGS—Receipts, 8,328; shipments, 4,025. Market slow and dragging and sales forced at a decline of 5c 10c from yesterday. Lots averaging 260@300 lbs., at \$3.25@3.95; 170@250 lbs., at \$3.00@3.45; not all sold.

SHEEP—Receipts, 831; shipments, 117. Market active and 10c higher.

Belden & Wilson.

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OF LAS VEGAS.

Bridge Street, next door to Postoffice

All goods delivered free in the city.

J. H. PONDER.

Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter.

All Work Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction

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FINE JEWELRY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

GOLD WATCHES

DIAMONDS

SILVER WATCHES

GOLD CHAINS

BRACELETS

PINS AND SLEEVE BUTTONS

SILVERWARE

FILIGREE JEWELRY

REPAIRING OF FINE WATCHES A SPECIALTY.

BRIDGE ST. WEST LAS VEGAS NO. 324 R. AVE. EAST LAS VEGAS

M. E. KELLY,

(owner of the M. E. brand of cattle)

RANCH AND CATTLE BROKER.

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Views of Las Vegas and vicinity. Frames made to order.

Indian Pottery and Blankets and other Native Curiosities.

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Hardware, Shotguns Rifles Pistols

Sporting Goods, Ranges, Cook and Heating Stoves, Grates,

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DIAMONDS

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GOLD CHAINS

BRACELETS

PINS AND SLEEVE BUTTONS

SILVERWARE